

Async/Sync and Sync/Async Bridge Scenarios Configuring Async/Sync Bridge and Sync/Async Bridge without BPM



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# 1 PREFACE

### 1.1 Constraints

The texts, references, and graphics contained in this manual have been compiled with utmost care; nevertheless, it is impossible to guarantee that they are fully without error. SAP cannot assume any responsibility for the correctness or completeness of the following documentation; the user alone is responsible for verifying the information contained therein.

SAP will only assume liability for damage arising from the use of this documentation – irrespective of the pertinent legal basis – in the case of intentional or active negligence, under no other circumstances will a warranty be made.

# 1.2 Definition

This manual describes simple application cases for the de-central adapter engine for process integration and all the configuration steps that are necessary to execute the application cases on the basis of SAP NetWeaver 7.31.

# 1.3 Intended Audience

This manual is intended to be used by both technology and application consultants.

### 1.4 Structure

The structure of this document follows the sequence of steps required to configure and run the use cases.

In this document, the scenarios are developed in swing client and Integrated Configuration Objects are created. The same scenarios can be developed using Integration iFlows (NWDS/eclipse/IntegrationTool)

### 2 INTRODUCTION AND PREREQUISITES

### 2.1 Introduction

The following use case variants are defined in this test:

Variant	Description
Variant 1: Async/Sync Bridge by means of module processor	This test case describes how to connect an asynchronous system to a synchronous system by means of an async/sync bridge without using BPM
Variant 2: Sync/Async Bridge by means of module processor	This test case describes how to connect a synchronous system to an asynchronous system by means of a sync/async bridge without using BPM

# 2.2 Prerequisites

The web service tool used in this test case is SOAP workbench (from Apache) for testing. Any external SOAP Request/Response tool which supports web service can be used for testing. Eg, SOAP UI. Refer <a href="http://www.soapui.org/Getting-Started/web-service-sample-project.html">http://www.soapui.org/Getting-Started/web-service-sample-project.html</a> for steps to use this tool.

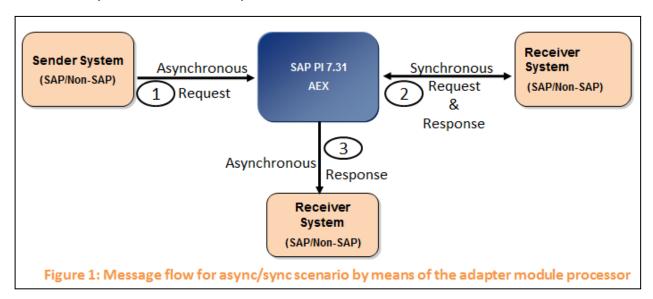
# 3 VARIANT 1: ASYN/SYNC BRIDGE BY MEANS OF MODULE PROCESSOR

### 3.1 Introduction

This test case describes how to connect an asynchronous system to a synchronous system by means of an async/sync bridge without using BPM. This is required if you have a sender system that only supports asynchronous message processing to communicate with a purely synchronous receiver application. The async/sync bridge handles the conversion from an asynchronous message sent from the sender to the receiver into a synchronous message, and the other way round for the synchronous reply.

# 3.2 Async/Sync Bridge

The asynchronous request and response messages are mapped to a synchronous call by means of the module processor. The overall communication sequence looks like below diagram: an asynchronous request message is converted to a synchronous request in the module processor. The synchronous system sends a response which is converted to an asynchronous response message in the module processor which is then passed to receiver.



# 3.3 Test scenario

The scenario in this document refers to send IDOC to RFC and response back from RFC to web service.

- PI receives the IDOC from ECC system. JIDOC Sender Adapter is used in PI to get the data from ECC.
- PI does the request mapping and sends the request to BAPI and gets back the response from BAPI via RFC Receiver adapter.
- o The response from BAPI is sent to web service via SOAP adapter

# 4 PREPARATION

### 4.1 User Permissions

The tester should have permission to log on the PI test system and to open the SOA Monitors in the NetWeaver Administrator. Also the user should have access permissions to R/3 system to perform the testing.

Here PI 7.31 AEX, R/3 system, PI 7.31 Double Stack are used to execute this test. The system environment may differ in your test executions.

Note: The RFC program is created in dual stack server and the request and response is fetched by 7.31 AEX from dual stack system

# 4.2 Preconditions

# 1. Configurations in NWA

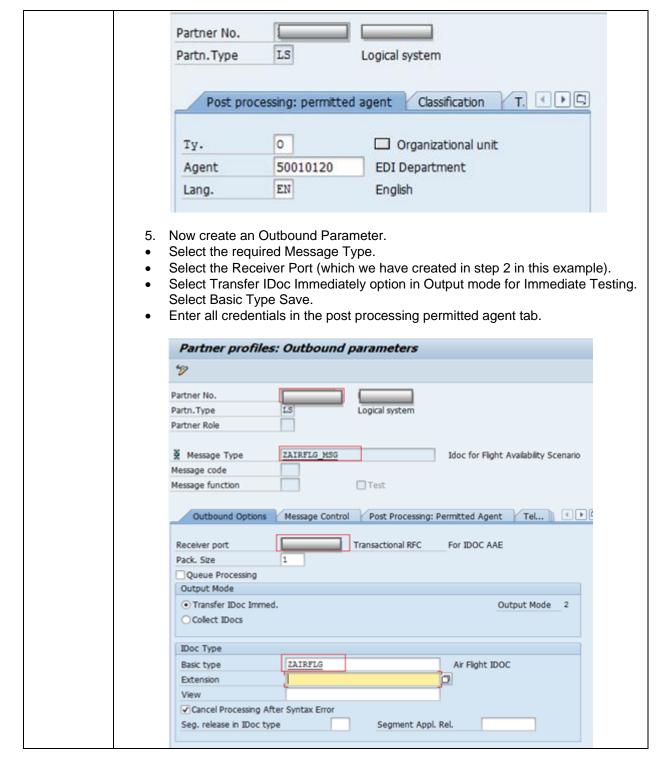
Actions	System	Details
Settings in Application Resources	PI 7.31	Open NWA ( <a href="http://&lt;host&gt;:&lt;port&gt;/nwa">http://<host>:<port>/nwa</port></host></a> Configuration > Infrastructure > Application Resources     Filter for Resource Adapter, inboundRA     Click on Properties tab below:
		<ul> <li>Set value for "MaxReaderThreadCount" between 5 to 10</li> <li>Set Value of ProgramID as JIDOC_ PID_DEMO (This must be used when creating the RFC in ECC system)</li> <li>Set Local as false (don't change)</li> <li>Set values for default GatewayServer as host of PI SystemSet values for default GatewayService</li> <li>Save Changes</li> </ul>
Create JCO RFC Provider destination	PI 7.31	2. Open NWA (http:// <host>:<port>/nwa) - Configuration &gt; Infrastructure &gt; JCO RFC Provider - Create JCO RFC Provider destination with name JDOC</port></host>

# 2. Configurations at Sender System (SAP ECC)

This section describes all the configurations needed in the Sender SAP System (ECC) for sending an IDoc to PI

Actions	Details
IDOC Creation	The IDoc used in variant1 (JIDOC-RFC-SOAP) is a custom IDoc (ZAIRFLG) In SAP ECC system,  • Goto transaction code(tcode) we31 to create segment (ZAIRFLGSEG) which will have the fields as below:
	Development segments: Display segment definition ZAIRFLGSEG000
	Segment type attributes  Segment type ZAIRFLGSEG Qualified segment
	Short Description Air Flight Segment
	Segm. definition ZAIRFLGSEG000 Released Last Changed By C5188274
	Po         Field Name         Data element         ISO c         Ex         III           1         ZSEQNUM         2SEQNUM         4         4
	2 ZARLINEID ZAIRLINEID 4
	3 ZCONNECTIONID CONNECTIONID 5
	4 ZFLIGHTDATE ZFLIGHTDATE B
	Goto tcode we30 to create the IDOC (ZAIRFLG)  Below link can be referred for creation of custom IDOC in SAP ECC system and the custom IDoc created should be imported in ESR <a href="http://wiki.scn.sap.com/wiki/display/ABAP/Steps+to+create+custom+IDOC">http://wiki.scn.sap.com/wiki/display/ABAP/Steps+to+create+custom+IDOC</a>

RFC Destination	On your SAP ECC system in order to send the IDOCs you need to create an RFC destination of type T (TCP/IP) Go to Transaction SM59 create a new RFC destination of Type T
	<ul> <li>Select the radio button Registered Server Program</li> <li>In the program ID enter the program ID from inboundRA of NWA</li> <li>Enter the gateway host and gateway service of your PI server</li> </ul>
	After you configure that you should be able to check the configuration using the test connection button on the RFC destination.
Port	<ul> <li>Goto Transaction WE21</li> <li>Click on the Transactional RFC from Ports (left tree panel)</li> <li>Click on Create Button</li> <li>Give Port Name (SAP<sid>) here or select generate port name and click on continue.</sid></li> <li>Give the description of the port and select RFC destination of type T created above. Now click on save.</li> </ul>
	Port Description For IDOC AAE
	Version  ○ IDoc rec.types SAP Release 3.0/3.1  ● IDoc record types SAP Release 4.x
	RFC destination
	Processing Options
	Queue processing is supported
	Send Only Fields of Segment Version
	Use SAP Release of Receiving System in Control Record
Logical System	<ul> <li>Click on create Button</li> <li>Give name for your Logical System (<sid>CLNT<cintno.>)</cintno.></sid></li> <li>Now click on save</li> </ul>
Partner	Create Partner Profile with outbound parameter (WE20) to be send to the PI receiver
Profile	system  4. Co to Transaction WE20
	Go to Transaction WE20     Select Partner Type LS
	3. Click on Create Button
	<ol> <li>Give Logical System Name which we have just created above as Partner No, Partner Type should be LS, Agent (some valid data), Language (EN). Now click on Save</li> </ol>

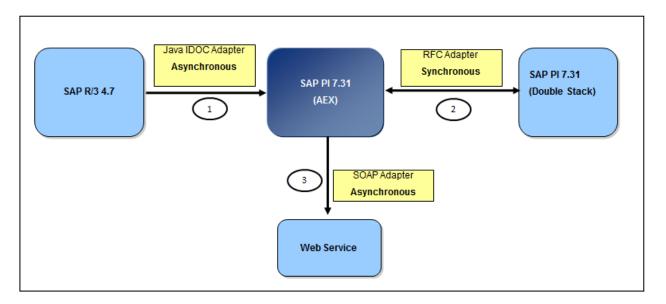


3. The tester should fulfill the ESR Objects and the Configuration Objects as shown in the subsequent sections of this document.

# 5 JIDOC-RFC-SOAP

# 5.1 Overview

This test case describes how to connect an asynchronous system to a synchronous system by means of an async/sync bridge.



# 5.2 Description

SAP R/3 system sends the IDOC using Java IDOC Sender Adapter. PI does the request mapping and sends the request to BAPI and gets back the response of BAPI via RFC adapter. The response received is sent to web service via SOAP Adapter.

To implement the scenario, we need to define two ICO. One for routing the request message from the IDOC to the RFC, and one for routing back the response message to web service.

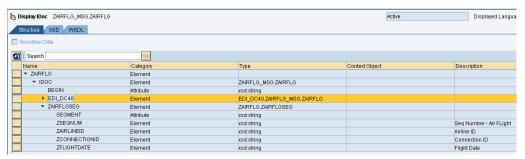
# 5.3 Repository Objects

In the Enterprise Service Repository – on PI test system:

- We should have the custom Idoc created as in section 4.2-2 and RFC
   "SXIDEMO\_AIRL\_FLIGHT\_CHECKAVAIL" under Imported Objects folder. In this scenario the
   custom Idoc created and imported is "ZAIRFLG\_MSG.ZAIRFLG"
   Steps to import Idoc:
  - 1. Double click and open the software Component version and provide the details in "Interface import". The Client and Message Server is of the ECC system in which IDoc is developed

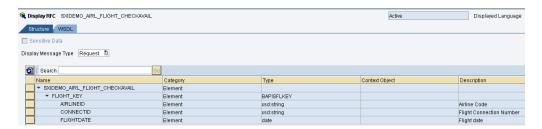


- 2. Right click on "Imported Objects-IDocs" and click on "Import of SAP Object"
- 3. Provide the *Application Server* and *System Number* in which the custom Idoc is been developed and also provide *UserName* and *password* and click Continue and then Finish button
- 4. Once the Idoc is imported, the structure (fields) of IDOC is as below:

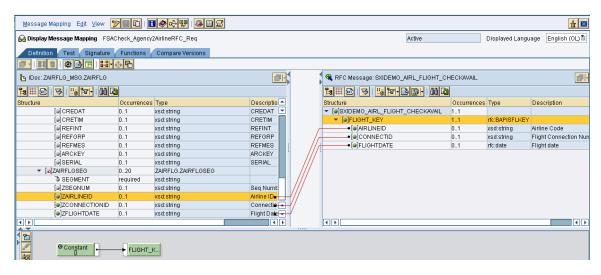


# Steps to import RFC:

- 1. Follow the Step 1 as defined in import idoc above.
- Right click on "Imported Objects-RFC" and click on "Import of SAP Object"
- 3. Provide the *Application Server* and *System Number* in which the RFC is been developed and also provide the *UserName* and *password* and click Continue and then Finish button

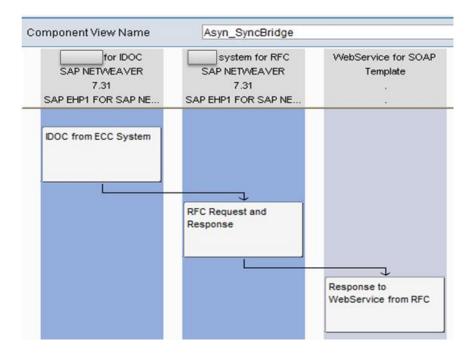


 The Message Mapping FSACheck\_Agency2AirlineRFC\_Req(as below) and Operation Mapping FSACheck\_Agency2Airline should be created



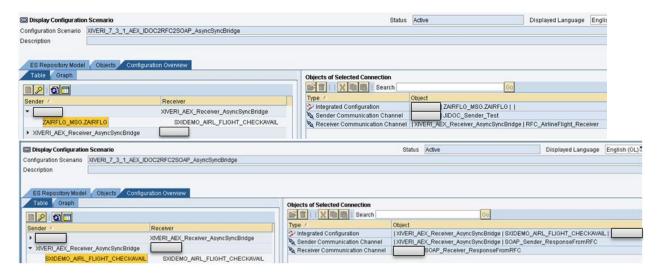
<u>To do this</u> – call the URL <u>http://<server>:<host>/dir</u> of the Process Integration system and open the link to the Enterprise Services Builder.

The following graphic shows the component view



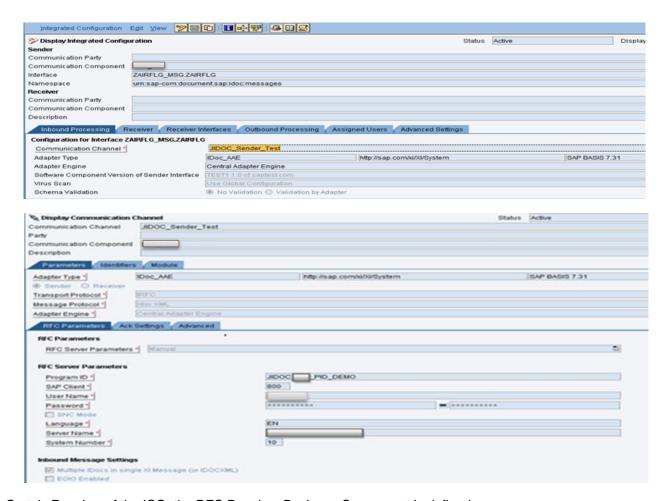
# 5.4 Configuration Objects

# 5.4.1 Configuration Overview

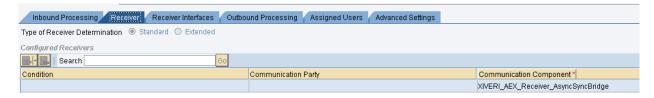


# 5.4.2 Integrated Configuration Objects in Integration Directory

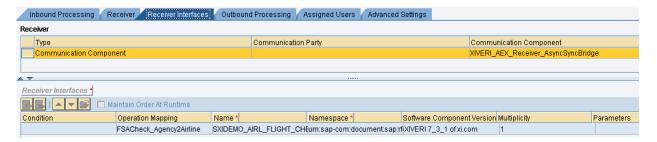
The **first ICO** defines the routing from the JIDOC to the RFC. In the Inbound Processing, the JIDOC sender channel (*JIDOC\_Sender\_Test*) is specified.



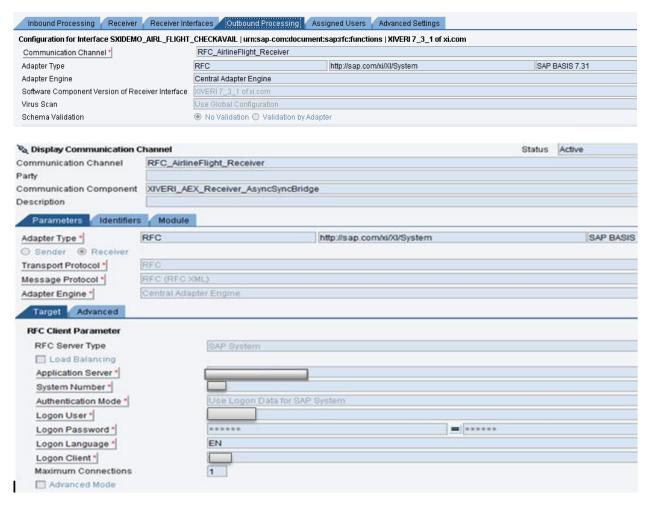
On tab Receiver of the ICO, the RFC Receiver Business Component is defined



On tab Receiver Interfaces, the Operation Mapping for request mapping is set

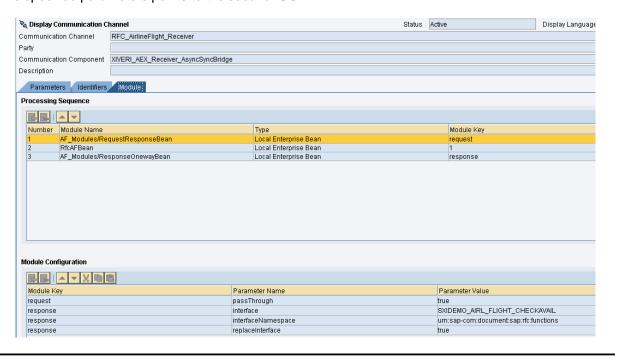


On tab Outbound Processing, the RFC receiver channel is specified.



In the RFC receiver channel, the modules AF\_Modules/RequestResponseBean and AF Modules/ResponseOnewayBean are defined in the right sequence in **Module** tab.

The specified parameters points to the second ICO.



# RequestResponseBean

#### عواا

RequestResponseBean module is used to convert an asynchronous request message to a synchronous request message.

If the thread that enters the module is part of a transaction, the transaction is suspended.

# **Entries in Module Configuration**

Parameter	Sender Adapter	Receiver Adapter
passThrough	If you want the module to forward the message to the next module in the module chain, enter <b>true</b> .  The default value is <b>false</b> .	If you want the module to forward the message to the next module in the module chain, enter <b>true</b> . The default value is <b>false</b> .
	The module then calls the messaging system.	The module then calls the ResponseOnewayBean module

# ResponseOnewayBean

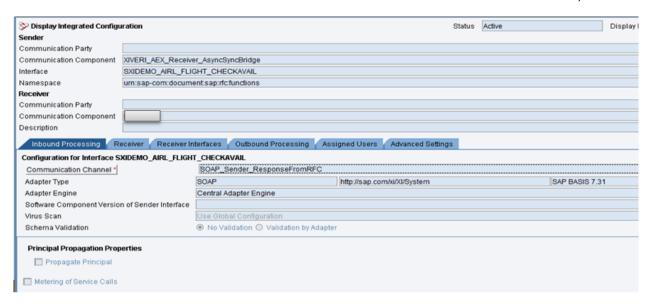
### Use

A standard module used for converting an inbound message to an asynchronous message. If the thread that enters the module is part of a suspended transaction, the transaction is resumed.

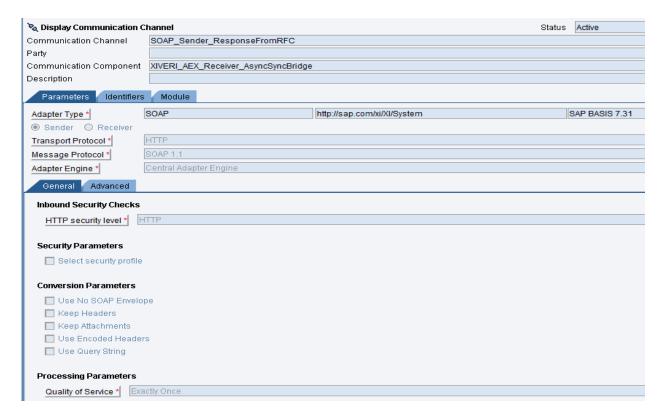
Parameters (interface, interfaceNamespace and replaceInterface) mentioned in module Configuration points to the second ICO.

The **second ICO** defines the routing from the RFC to the Web Service. In the *Inbound Processing*, the SOAP sender channel is defined. Note, that in the header of the ICO the corresponding receiver communication component has to be specified as virtual receiver.

(The receiver of the first ICO become Sender and the Sender has to be defined as Virtual Receiver)



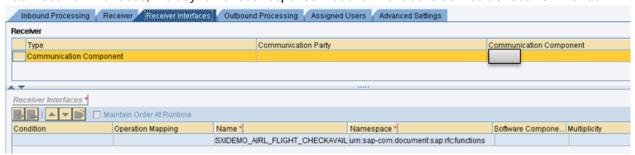
In the SOAP sender channel, the Quality of Service is set as Exactly Once.



On tab Receiver, the receiver Business system is defined.

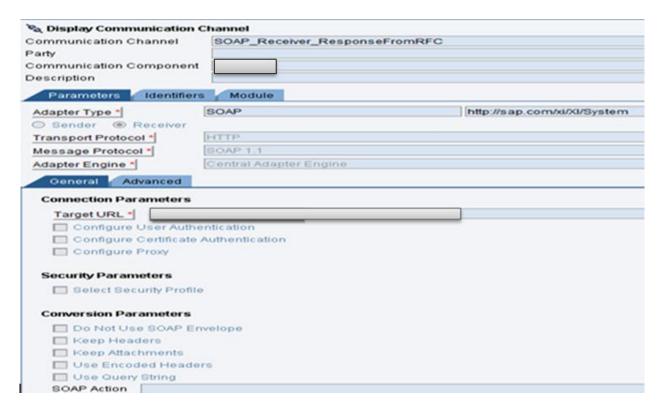


On tab Receiver Interfaces, the asynchronous response inbound interface is defined as receiver interfac



On tab Outbound Processing, the SOAP receiver Channel is set.

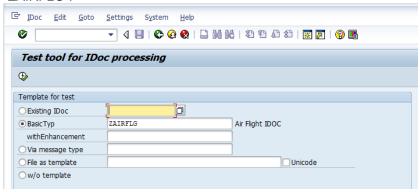




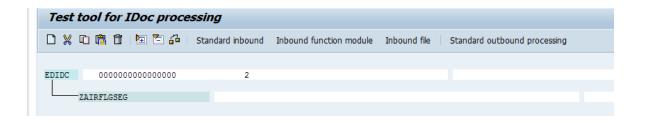
# 5.4.3 Test Description

Testing the scenario JIDOC  $\rightarrow$  PI  $\rightarrow$  RFC  $\rightarrow$  PI  $\rightarrow$  SOAP please follow the steps below:

- a) Check whether both (Sender & Receiver) channels being used in this scenario are started. If not then start them via Channel Monitoring of NWA/RWB.
- b) Execute transaction "we19" in Sender R/3 system for triggering an IDoc. Enter IDoc Types as "ZAIRFLG".

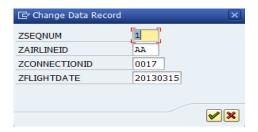


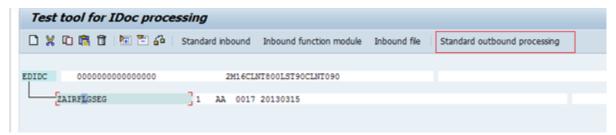
 Double click on EDIDC(Control Record) and enter the Sender, Receiver details and Message Type ZAIRFLG\_MSG





d) Double click on IDOC type and enter the record data and click on Standard Outbound Processing



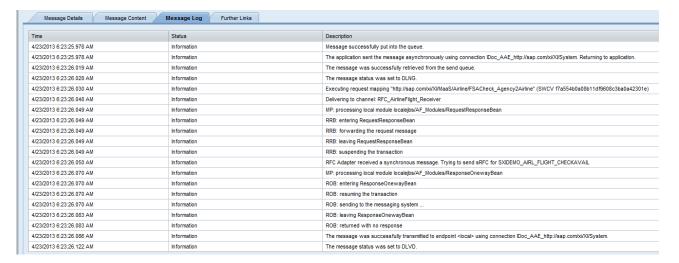


- e) The IDoc is immediately sent to XI system. A message confirming the same appears at the bottom of the page. "An Idoc < IdocNo> added".
- f) The same can be confirmed by using transaction "we05" or "we02" and in the Direction box, choose "Outbound". The list shows all the IDoc that have left the R/3 system.

On Sender Side, Check for "Idoc No." which should be same as above sent from R/3 system. Get the Msg. ID for this flow of Idoc

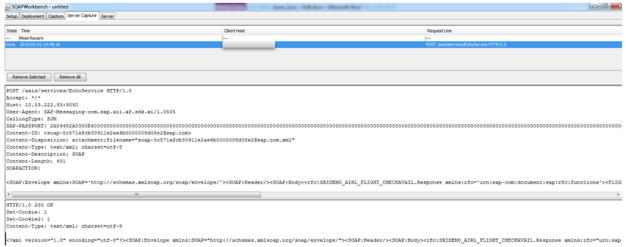
This Msg. ID should be checked within Message flowing on Receiver Comm. Channel RFC\_AirlineFlight\_Receiver

To check on the modules process, goto Message Log of RFC Channel



To check the response from RFC sent to web service via SOAP Receiver Channel can be checked in the communication channel monitoring of channel SOAP\_Receiver\_ResponseFromRFC

The response can be checked in SOAP Workbench/external tool. Here in SOAP Workbench the response can be checked as URL mentioned in in Target URL of SOAP receiver channel is of SOAP Workbench.



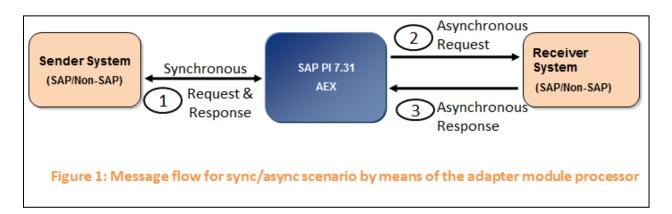
# 6 VARIANT 2: SYNC/ASYN BRIDGE BY MEANS OF MODULE PROCESSOR

### 6.1 Introduction

This test case describes how to connect a synchronous system to an asynchronous system by means of an async/sync bridge without using BPM.

# 6.2 Sync/Async Bridge

A synchronous call is mapped to asynchronous request and response messages by means of the module processor. In the module processor of the receiver adapter, the synchronous message is converted to an asynchronous request message. The synchronous call waits until the receiver adapter sends a reply.



# 6.3 Test scenario

The purpose of this scenario is to configure SOAP to FILE communication where SOAP is sync and FILE is Async

# 7 PREPARATION

### 7.1 User Permissions

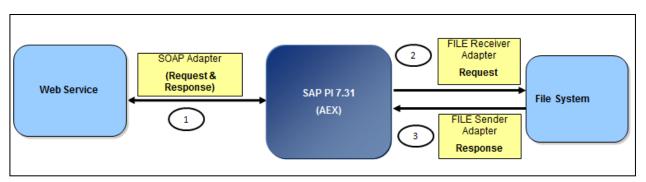
The tester should have permission to log on the PI test system and to open the SOA Monitors in the NetWeaver Administrator. Here PI 7.31 AEX is used to execute the test case. The system environment may differ in your test executions.

SOAP Workbench tool is used to respectively send and receive the messages.

# 8 SOAP-FILE

### 8.1 Overview

This test case describes how to connect an synchronous system to a aynchronous system by means of an sync/async bridge.



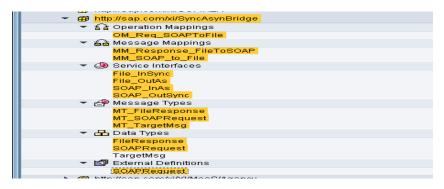
# 8.2 Description

Web service sends the data to PI (SOAP Sender Adapter used) and PI does the request mapping and sends the request to FILE and the filename placed is with the message ID to correlate with the response message. Once the file is placed, the response (Status) is sent to web service via SOAP Adapter.

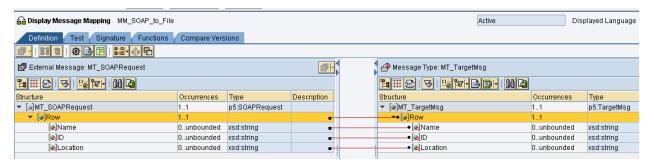
To implement the scenario, we need to define two ICO. One for routing the request message from the Web Service client to the File system, and one for routing back the response message.

# 8.3 Repository Objects

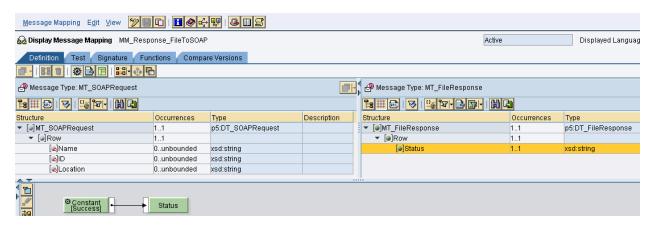
In the Enterprise Service Repository – on PI test system the below screenshot objects are created and used in this test case. The field structure can be referred in the Request and Response Mapping given below during creation.



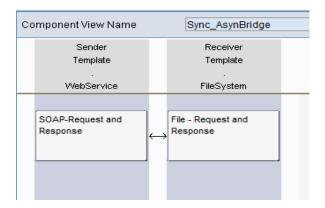
Request Mapping: MM\_SOAP\_to\_File



Response Mapping: MM\_Response\_FileToSOAP

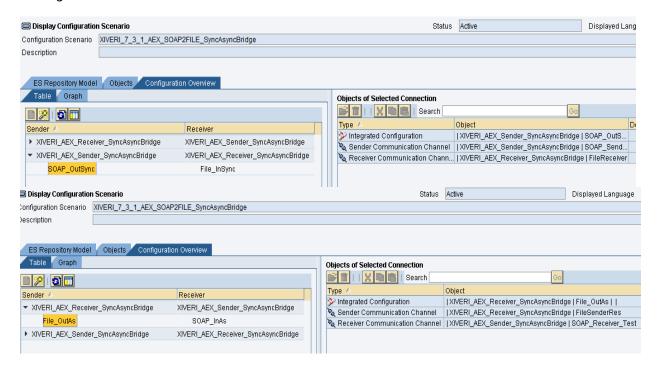


The following graphic shows the component view:



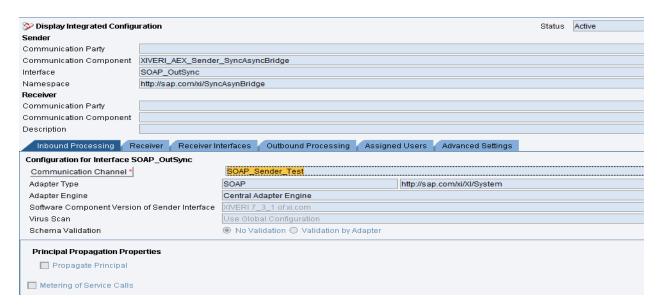
# 8.4 Configuration Objects

# 8.4.1 Configuration Overview

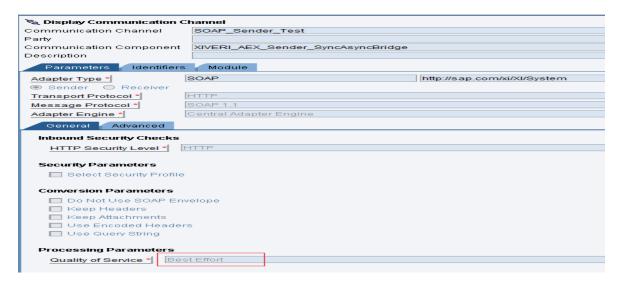


# 8.4.2 Integrated Configuration Objects in Integration Directory

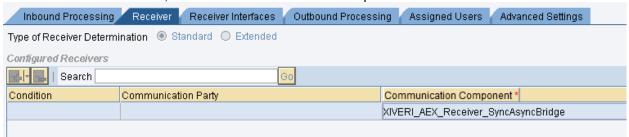
The first ICO defines the routing from the Web Service client to the File System. In the *Inbound Processing*, the SOAP sender channel is specified.



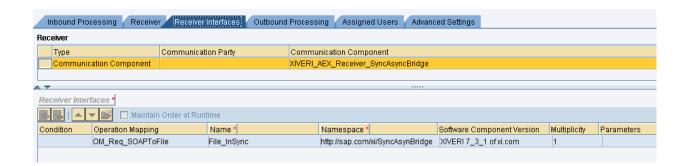
In the sender channel of type SOAP, the Quality of Service is set to Best Effort.



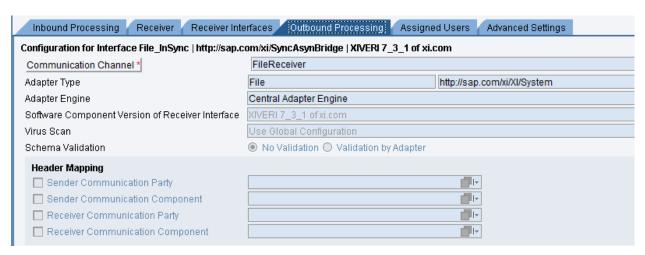
On tab Receiver of the ICO, the receiver communication component is defined



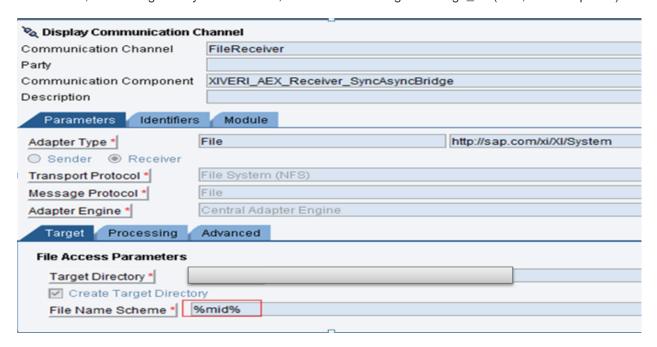
On tab Receiver Interfaces, the Operation Mapping for request mapping is set

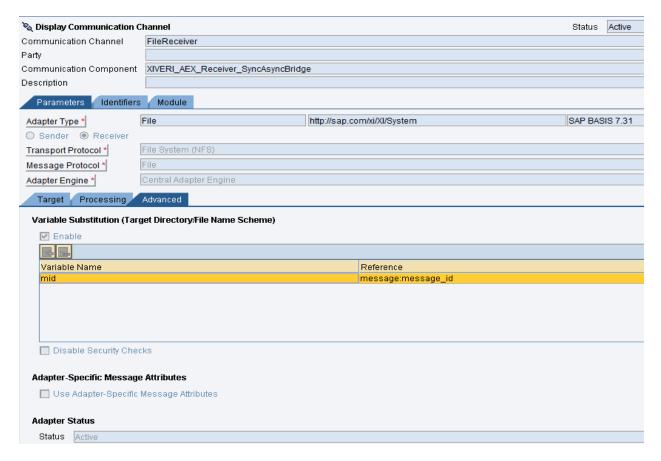


On tab Outbound Processing, the FILE receiver channel is specified.



In the Parameters tab, maintain the target directory and set the file name scheme as "%mid%" (without quotes), so we can set the filename with the message id through variable substitution. Set the construction mode as create (do not append any info after the message id) and enable variable substitution, with a single entry: name="mid", reference="message:message\_id" (also, without quotes).



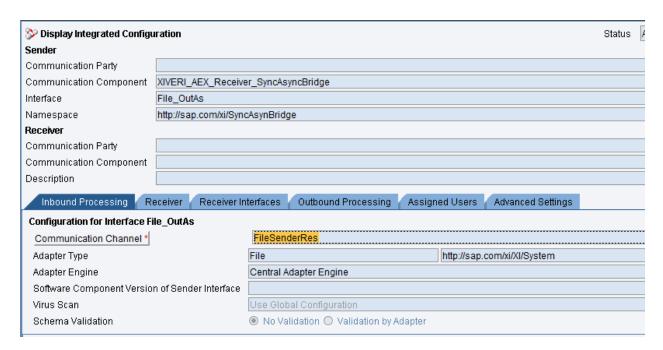


For more details on variable substitution made in File Receiver channel:

In the Module tab, insert the "AF\_Modules/RequestOnewayBean" module before the CallSapAdapter module, and set its parameter "passThrough" with value "true"; also, insert the "AF\_Modules/WaitResponseBean" module after the CallSapAdapter module

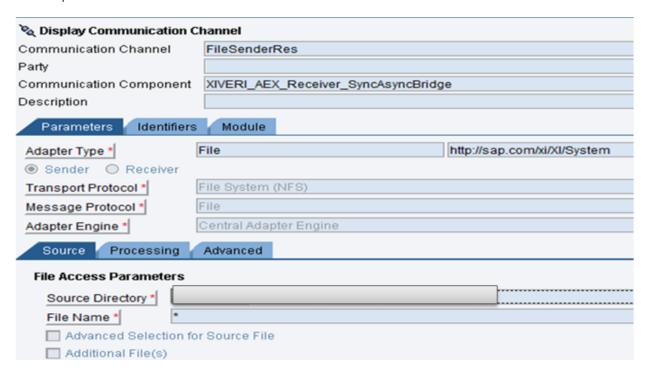


The **second ICO** defines the routing of the response message from File to the Web Service client. In the *Inbound Processing*, the File Sender channel is defined.



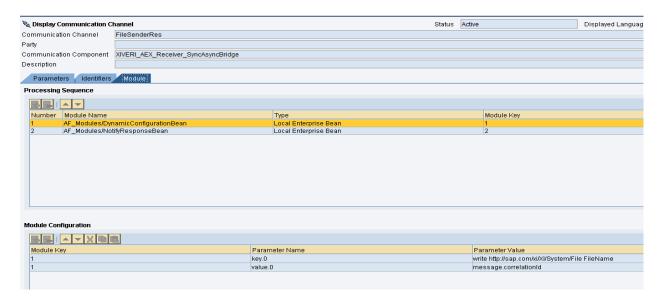
In the Parameters tab, maintain the source directory and set the file name as "\*" (without extension); set the polling interval for a short time, for example, 10 seconds (a long polling time may cause a timeout in the sync SOAP); make sure you set the "Set Adapter-Specific Message Attributes" flag, with the File Name flag active

The file picked is been archived.



Source Processing	Advanced	
Processing Parameters		
Quality of Service *		Exactly Once
Poll Interval (secs) *		10
Poll Interval (msecs)		
Retry Interval (secs)		
Processing Mode *		Archive
Add Time Stamp		
Archive Directory		
Empty-File Handling		Do Not Create Message
Archive Faulty Source	Files	
Process Read-Only Fi	iles	
Processing Sequence		By Name
File Type *		Binary
Display Communication C     Communication Channel		2
Communication Channel Party	FileSenderRes	
Communication Channel Party Communication Component	FileSenderRes	eceiver_SyncAsyncBridge
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description	FileSenderRes	
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description Parameters Identifiers	FileSenderRes	
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description Parameters Identifiers	FileSenderRes  XIVERI_AEX_R  Module	teceiver_SyncAsyncBridge
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description  Parameters Identifiers  Adapter Type *  Sender Receiver Transport Protocol *	Module File System (NF)	eceiver_SyncAsyncBridge http://sap.com/xi/XI/System
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description  Parameters Identifiers  Adapter Type *  Sender Receiver Transport Protocol * Message Protocol *	Module File System (NF:	http://sap.com/xi/XI/System
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description  Parameters Identifiers  Adapter Type *  Sender Receiver Transport Protocol * Message Protocol * Adapter Engine *	Module  File System (NFS)  File Central Adapter	http://sap.com/xi/XI/System
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description  Parameters Identifiers  Adapter Type *  Sender Receiver Transport Protocol * Message Protocol * Adapter Engine *  Source Processing	Module File System (NF) File Central Adapter Advanced	http://sap.com/xi/XI/System
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description  Parameters Identifiers  Adapter Type *  Sender Receiver Transport Protocol * Message Protocol * Adapter Engine *	Module  File System (NFS)  File Central Adapter  Advanced  Attributes	http://sap.com/xi/XI/System  Engine
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description  Parameters Identifiers  Adapter Type *  Sender Receiver Transport Protocol *  Message Protocol *  Adapter Engine *  Source Processing  Adapter-Specific Message	Module  File System (NFS)  File Central Adapter  Advanced  Attributes	http://sap.com/xi/XI/System  Engine
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description  Parameters Identifiers  Adapter Type *  Sender Receiver Transport Protocol *  Message Protocol *  Adapter Engine *  Source Processing  Adapter-Specific Message  Set Adapter-Specific Message File Name  Directory	Module  File System (NF)  File Central Adapter  Advanced  Attributes	http://sap.com/xi/XI/System  Engine
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description  Parameters Identifiers  Adapter Type *  Sender Receiver Transport Protocol * Message Protocol * Adapter Engine *  Source Processing  Adapter-Specific Message Set Adapter-Specific Message File Name Directory File Type	Module  File System (NF)  File Central Adapter  Advanced  Attributes	http://sap.com/xi/XI/System  Engine
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description  Parameters Identifiers  Adapter Type *  Sender Receiver Transport Protocol *  Message Protocol *  Adapter Engine *  Source Processing  Adapter-Specific Message  Set Adapter-Specific Message File Name  Directory	File System (NF) File Central Adapter Advanced Attributes Message Attribute	http://sap.com/xi/XI/System  Engine
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description  Parameters Identifiers  Adapter Type *  Sender Receiver Transport Protocol * Message Protocol * Adapter Engine *  Source Processing  Adapter-Specific Message  Set Adapter-Specific Message File Name Directory File Type Source File Size	File System (NF) File Central Adapter Advanced Attributes Message Attribute	http://sap.com/xi/XI/System  Engine
Communication Channel Party Communication Component Description  Parameters Identifiers  Adapter Type *  Sender Receiver Transport Protocol * Message Protocol * Adapter Engine *  Source Processing  Adapter-Specific Message Set Adapter-Specific Message File Name Directory File Type Source File Time Standard	File System (NF) File Central Adapter Advanced Attributes Message Attribute	http://sap.com/xi/XI/System  Engine

In the Module tab, replace the "CallSapAdapter" module with the "AF\_Modules/NotifyResponseBean" (since the message doesn't need to be sent to the Integration Engine, but rather to the waiting WaitResponseBean); also, before the NotifyResponseBean, insert the "AF\_Modules/DynamicConfigurationBean" module, with the following parameters and respective values: name="key.0" value="write <a href="http://sap.com/xi/XI/System/File">http://sap.com/xi/XI/System/File</a> FileName", name="value.0" value="message.correlationId".



The DynamicConfigurationBean module will get the filename ASMA-Adapter Specific Message Attributes (which was previously set by the adapter) and write its value in the message.correlationId attribute, before the message is sent to the waiting process (WaitResponseBean) by the NotifyResponseBean module.

# 8.4.3 Test Description

Testing the scenario SOAP - > FILE please follow the steps below:

# Pushing the Message

- a) Check whether both (Sender & Receiver) channels being used in this scenario are started. If not then start them via Channel Monitoring of NWA/RWB.
- b) Open the external SOAP Request/Response tool being used
- c) In the field URL set the below value.

https://<HOST>:<PORT>/XISOAPAdapter/MessageServlet?senderService=XIVERI\_AEX\_Sender\_S yncAsyncBridge&interface=SOAP\_OutSync&interfaceNamespace=http://sap.com/xi/SyncAsynBridge

Set the host and port of the PI server.

Note: The URL specified here is for SOAP Workbench tool when used. If any other external tool is used, the URL should be changed accordingly.

- d) Select "Use Authentication". Then enter your username and password for the PI server.
- Under the label SOAP delete the existing text. Now copy the content from the payload file below and paste it in the editbox under label SOAP.

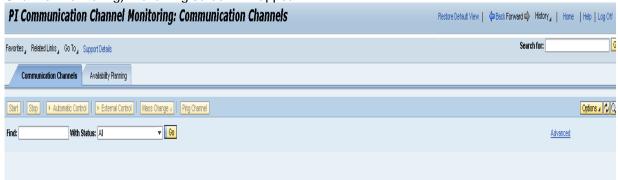
```
<Name>ABC</Name>
<ID>123</ID>
<Location>Bangalore</Location>
</Row>
</ns0:MT_SOAPRequest>
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

- f) Click on the Send button. It will push a message.
- g) As QoS is Best Effort in SOAP Sender adapter the response is received as below:



# Channel Monitoring

Open the **PI Communication Channel Monitoring** (NWA→SOA→ Monitoring→ PI Communication Channel Monitoring). Following screen will appear



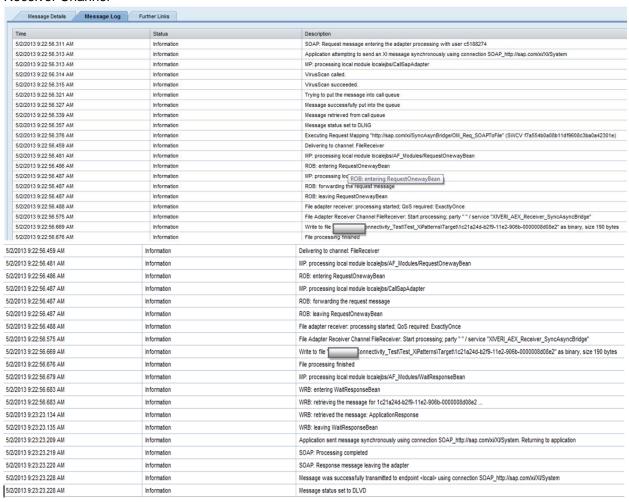
Click on the link "Advanced". The following screen appears. Set the Sender Communication Component "XIVERI\_AEX\_Sender\_SyncAsyncBridge" in the edit box "Communication Component" & hit GO button.



As a result we see successful message in the SOAP Sender channel

Goto File Receiver Communication Channel to check the message received.

To check on the modules process, goto Message Log of either SOAP Sender Channel or File Receiver Channel



The response is sent from File to SOAP can be checked in the communication channel monitor of channel FileSenderRes

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